

Amendments to the Specification:

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 16, line 21, as follows:

To permit the SIP proxy 16 to send a non-IP-based trigger to the terminating node 36, the SIP proxy is capable of identifying the terminating node independent of an IP communication channel of the public and private networks 12, 24, and thus over a communication channel independent of the NAT/FW 28. For example, the SIP proxy can be capable of identifying a MSISDN or other global identifier associated with a terminating node. Based upon the MSISDN, then, the SIP proxy can send a SMS, EMS, MMS or WAP-push trigger to the terminating node. In this regard, the SIP proxy can be capable of identifying a non-IP-based identifier of the terminating node in any of a number of different manners. In one advantageous embodiment, the terminating node registers with the SIP proxy before the SIP proxy receives push content from the originating node 20 for the terminating node. As the terminating node registers with the SIP proxy, then, the terminating node can send the SIP proxy an identifier (e.g., MSISDN) of the terminating node outside an IP communication channel. For more information on such a network-initiated data session technique, see U.S. Patent Application No. _____ 10/797,765, entitled: *System and Method for Establishing a Session Initiation Protocol Communication Session with a Mobile Terminal*, filed _____ March 10, 2004, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. And for an example of another network-initiated data session technique, see U.S. Patent Application No. _____ 10/797,529, entitled: *System and Method for Establishing an Internet Protocol Connection with a Terminating Network Node*, filed _____ March 10, 2004, the contents of which are also hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.